WASHINGTON.

The preceedings of the House, to-day, in contrast with those of the previous Mendays of the session, were tame and doll. The Speaker was ubsent, attending the recepand doil. The Speaker was mosent, attending the reception of the Japanese Embassy, and Mr. Dawes occupied the chair. About the usual number of bills were introduced for reference, few of which were of any special st. After the morning hour expired, it was expecked that the next thing would be a scramble to get the floor, and push through a variety of propositions under a suspension of the rules. For this purpose at least members rushed down to the space in front of the desks, and brandished their bids and resolutions with lond and repeated shouts of "Mr. Speaker," to attract the attention of the Chair. Among these clamorous members were a number of Southern Representatives with their hands full of disability bills, which they hoped to put through in a batch as they did a week ago. To the great disappointment of all these gentlemen, the House went tunned stelly into Caromittee of the Whole, and dromed away the rest of the day upon the Deficiency bill, which was not finished at the lour of adjournment. The debate was chiefly upon the utility of the marine corps and the proposed addition to The Official Gazette of the Patent Office of engravings of the inventions patented each week, so as to make if a complete weekly illustrated record of the doings of American inventors. the floor, and push through a variety of propositions un-

have a storm-signal service in the navy, to rival that of firing of cannon, at the several navy-yards, to give war ing of the approach of storms, and also for conducting experiments, under the charge of the chief signal officer of the mavy, to determine the possibility of preducing rain by the discharge of artillery.

Representative Roosevelt introduced a bill to-day to citive the owners of vessels of liability for smuggling by their employes, unless complicity on their part is shown; also a bill to repeal all laws which authorize the repeal of private books and papers on suspicion of vio-lations of the Customs or Internal Revenue laws. A member of the House Committee on Expenditures in the War Department expressed his disgust, to-day, in very strong terms, at the blunder which he said Mr.

Lynch had made when he introduced the resolution ting the investigation into the sale of arms, by the House Committee. It was intended that the House reso uld be identical with the Barlan amendment her resolution. This requires an importy to be made as to the real parties in interest in the arms transactions, the Harian amendment does not, and obedience fill necessarily bring out the very facts which it is at Remington's partners desire to cover up. The contested election case of Norris vs. Handley of

on is still undecided in the House Committee of Mr. Handley, who is a Democrat, bad a mi erity of about 3,000. Mr. Norris, who is a "earpet " from Maine, hopes to get the sent by proving

Francis Foster, Postmaster at Kansas City, Mo., has been detected in the practice of retaining a portion of the salaries of ithe clerks in his employ, and approprimoney to his own uso. He will be removed as soon as his successor can be declated upon. Mr. Foster's exense is that the Government did not allow him for rent of the Post Office as much as he was obliged to pay, and that he used the money taken from the poor election waske nood the defect. Foster had the reputation of being an houset man before he became an office-holder. The vacancy created by his removal will not be filled in accordance with the Civil Service regulations, which are always suspended when an appointment is to be made. A number of positiciants from Missouri are here, and the place will be filled in a way to best satisfy them. The St. Croix Land Grant bill will probably not be re-

ported back to the House from the Public Lands Comtee before Wednesday or Thursday. The till which ntical with the House hill which the Committee con sidered some three weeks ago, and agreed by a majority ne to report adversely. It is claimed by friends of the bill that since then one member of the Committee has changed his mind. The Committee is not obliged by has changed his mind. The Committee is not obliged by its instructions to report any time next week after granted for them to report any time next week after Torsdoy, but they were not ordered to do so. The pressure upon them is so great, however, that they will no doubt bring the bill back to the House and let it take its chances, even if a majority of their members are still hostile to it. Gen. Ketcham of New York, the Charman of the Committee, is strongly opposed to this bill and to all other land grants. He regards this measure as having less merit than many bulls that are pending for new grants to roads in the Territories, and thinks that it possesses no peculiar features that should induce the Hones to discriminate in its favor. The first grant to the St. Crofx Road was made in 1850, and grave the company six sections to the mile. No work was done on the road until six years later, when the grant was increased to ten sections. The time specified for its completion expired more than three years are, and the lands have reverted to the United States. Since then, however, the company has constructed 20 additional mices of road; and it is arged that if there is any necessity for the completion of the road, it will be finished without the aid of a land grant. It is doubtful, however, if the road would be built for many years much beyond its present terminus, inless it were to enable the company to get possession of the valuable pine lands along its proposed line. The St. Paul and Lake Superior Road runs almost parallel with it, and so short a distance to the westward that in some places the land grants of the two roads meet. This road is not a prefitable line, and has never paid interest an its bonds.

There can never be a thorough reform of printing its instructions to report back the bill at all. Leave was

There can never be a thorough reform of printing abuses as long as Government officers continue to be the judges of what ought to be printed at Government expense relating to their own doings and the affairs of the us and departments they control. The elaborate report of the geological explorations of the Fortieth Parallel, profusely illustrated with colored lithographs | De Long were also present. | Soon after 12 o'clock the members of the Embassy, ac and steel engravings, and printed on the dinest paper, which was so sharply criticised in a recent debate in the House, is a case in point. The "Annual Record of the Sauth of Regents of the Smithsonian institution," her based from the Government printing and the conomically disposed Congressmen. It is a volume of 60 pages, of which only is have any connection with the title. The remainder of the volume is padded net with a variety of scientific and non-scientific casays and papers, new and old, some original and some reprinted from English periodenis, or translated from the French. Among them is an old seture on Evilentian, prepared in 1838. The preparatory note says, "be read with phesarre by all who have been favored with a visit to the delightful region which is describes," but which should have been published, if at all, in some popular magnine. Of a similar, but less valuable character, is a translation of a French essay on "The Diamond and other Precious Stones," a light and entertaining article, which cannot should have been published, if at all, in some popular magnine. Of a similar, but cless valuable character, is a translation of a French essay on "The Diamond and other Precious Stones," a light and entertaining article, with cosmod with measured by the complete court costume, whose name appears in larger type than that of the author. There also appears translated from the report to grafify the translator, whose name appears in larger type than that of the author. There also appears translated from the report of any local celebrity, and a secure delivered in Manchotyl Lebog, two lectures and secure delivered in Manchotyl Lebog, two lectures and secure and edivered in Manchotyl Lebog, two lectures and edivered in Manchotyl Lebog, two lectures are in the property of the regents of the formal property of the property of the regents of the formal property of the more of the regents of the formal property of the more of the regents of the formal property of the property of the regents of the formal proper and steel engravings, and printed on the finest paper, which was so sharply criticised in a recent debi

The House, during the present se scion, has ordered The House, during the present as wind, has ordered by different investigation is to be made by its committee, with power to send for persons and pap. We and examine witnesses under oath. There was never by Edge and another one of the persons and pap. We and examine witnesses under oath. There was never by Edge and another oath the pass specific result in the pass of the contracts of the parchase of each pass specific result in the pass of the contracts of the parchase of the contracts of the parchase of the parch 15 different investigations to be made b Y its committees,

has been done. By the Committee on Banking and Currency, into the failures of national banks in New York and the management of the Currency Bureau; this investigation has been drugging along for more than two months, and it is not known when it will probably be concluded. By the Committee on the District of Columbia, into the misdeeds of the new Territorial Government; the Committee has been hard at work, and has taken a great amount of testimony. By the Committee on Expenditures in the War Department, into the sales of arms to France; nothing is likely to result from this investigation. By the Committee on Expenditures in the the Treasury Department, into recent deraleations in that Department; careful examination has been made of the manner of keeping accounts in the Treasury, and the Committee will shortly submit a report. By the Committees on Expenditures in the Navy Department, the Interior Department, and on Public Bullaings, into the affairs of these several branches of the public service; nothing has been done by either of these Committees.

Gen R. W. Healey, United States Marshal at Mont-

Gen. R. W. Henley, United States Marshal at Montgomery, Alabama, has applied to Attorney-General Williams for troops to aid in arresting persons indicted for Ku-Klux outrages at the last term of the United States District Court held, in that city. Some 65 were indicted for the commission of these outrages in Coosa, Tailapoosa, Clay, Randolph, and Russell Counties, and demonstrations have been made on their part in Coosa Counts, within a few days, that render it probable that troops will be necessary to secure their arrest.

The Supreme Court delivered an opinion, to-day, which is of causeful interest to reddie the county.

is of especial interest to soldiers in the army. A minor had enlisted without the permission of his parents, and had been discharged from the custody of the military authorities by a State Court. The Supreme Court decided that the State Courts have no jurisdiction in such cases, and that when it is shown that the person is held by the authority of the United States, no matter how illegal his enlistment was, the only Courts which can take cognizance of the case are the United States Courts.

The Interior Department and the Internal Revenue Bureau are not the only distributing offices for The New-York Times. The Private Secretary of another member of the Cabinet had in his office, to-day, 5,000 copies of The Weekly Times of Jan 24, containing the long advertisement of the Administration, which he was causing to be folded, placed in official envelopes, and franked to the Pacific States and Territories. It is now believed that each Executive Department has had its quoto of these papers assigned to it to distribute.

The nominations of S. R. Harrington and Isaac C. Mills, as District-Attorney and United States Marshai for Eastern Arkansas, were discussed nearly two hours in Executive session of the Senate to-day. No vote was reached, nor is it probable any result will be attained reached, nor is it probable any result will be attained except after several sessions. It is understood that Mr. Clayton expects Administration Senators to support the confirmations of these appointments, and to this end will present a letter to him from the acting Governor, Hadley, wherein the latter desires him to assure the President that if the officials "who permitted Chyton's indictment" are not removed, the Registrars will be aftend to act, and the State will consequently be lost. The testionary in these cases is voluminous, and not of a character to arouse the enthusiam of the Civil Service beforemer.

It was ordered by the Supreme Court to-day that no nection requiring argument will be heard on Friday, the sth inst., until after the argument upon the return of the Secretary of the Treasury to the writ of alternative man-damus heretofore awarded, and at the close of business on that day the Court will adjourn until Monday, the 1sth

Mr. Edward Harris, woolen manufacturer of Woon Mr. Edward Harris, woolen manufacturer, of Woon socket, R. I., appeared before the Countieres of Ways and Means this morning, in behalf of 28 woolen manufacturing corporations and individual firms of Rhode Island Massachusetts, New-York, and California, and presented a memorial setting forth their views in relation to the tariff duties on wools and woolens. The memorial is signed by the largest woolen manufacturers in the United States, including 28 signaturestrepresenting 28 sets of cards and an annual production of \$5.500,000 worft of goods. It represents that the manufacturers are seriously embarrassed by the high duties, and especially by the specific duty on wool, by the duties on other articles used in the manufacturer, and by the unjust specific duties on amanufacture products. It prays for a removal of all duties upon wool and a reduction of duties upon all manufactured woolen goods to se per cent advalorem.

> THE JAPANESE IN WASHINGTON. THE FIRST DINNER TO THE EMBASSY.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 4, 1872. The first dinner in honor of the Japanese Embassy was given, this evening, by the Hon. Jame Brooks of New-York. The company comprised about dozen of the leading members of the Embassy, a hundred members of the House, the members of the Cabinet, and numerous newspaper men. After dinner, Mr. Brooks introduced Minister Iwakura, who spoke in Japanese, intreduced Minister Iwakura, who spoke in Japanese, expressing his pleasure at meeting so many distinguished gentlemen, and the hope that the two nations may be more closely united in the future than they have been in the past by the bonds of triendship, and commerce. Gen. Banks cloquently welcomed the Embassy, and pointed to what he called the wonder of the age, the advancement of the Japanese in Western civilization during the past few years. Speeches were also made by Gov. Ito, Minister De Long, Major Ben. Perley Poore, and others. Mr. De Long referred to the fact that the visit of this Embassy will have a far greater effect on the people of Japan than the labors of many missionaries, since Minister Iwakura and his associates can chact into law anything which they may flad 'in our institutions which may please them.

PRESIDENT-ADDRESS OF MINISTER IWAKURA. Washington, March 4 .- At noon to-day the principal members of the Japanese Embassy, ten in number, were officially presented to the President of the United States. Some time before the hour for their reception prominent officers of the Government, who had been invited to attend the ceremony, congregated in the East Room of the Executive Mansion. There were present the members of the Committee of Foreign Relations, of the two Houses of Congress; all the members of the Cabinet; Gens. Townsend, Barnes, Eaton, Humphreys, Alvord, Myers; Judge Holt and other Bureau officers of the War Department, in full uniform; Commo dores Case and Raynolds; Paymaster-General Dunn; Surgeon-General Falz; Chief-Engineer King; Naval-Constructor Hanseem, and other naval officers having charge of Bureaus, also in full uniform. The different Executive Departments were all represented by the heads of all their Bureaus and prominent divisions. Vice-President Colfax and Speaker Blaine and Minister

companied by Charge d'Affaires Mori, arrived at the

andience. The objects of the mission with which we are charged by our Government are somewhat set forth in this letter. We are authorized to consult with your Government on all international questions, directing our efforts to promote and develop wide commercial relations, and draw into closer bonds the strong friendship already existing between our respective people. Thus we hope to gain fresh impulse in the paths of progress, gaining good from every form of civilization. This we shall aim to do while im the exercise of strict integrity to our own national interests, so trustingly confided by a generous sovereign, and shall earnestly hope to receive your kind cooperation in facilitating the task assigned us by our Government. We gladly avail of this happy meeting to convey personally to your Excellency our sincers where for your continued prosperity and happiness, and as national representatives we extend the same wish to all the people of the United States.

The Prosident then responded:

The President then responded:

bonds which unite us. I will heartily cooperate in so de-sirable an object. Your kind wishes for me personally, sentlemen, are cordially reciprocated. I trust that your abode with us may be agreeable to you, and may con-tribute to a more intimate acquaintance and intercourse between our respective peoples.

The utmost interest was manifested by the large com-

pany present in these exercises. The address of the Japanese Embassador was delivered in a peculiarly musical tone of voice. At the conclusion of these ceremonies, a formal introduction was given to all the officials present. There was no hand-shaking, the formulities extending simply to stately bowing. After the Cabinet officers and the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Army and Navy officers, and then officers of the different Departments were introduced, all advancing to meet the Japanese, who were standing in the middle of the East Room. At the conclusion of these courtesies the members of the Embassy were escorted into the Eine Parlor and introduced to the ladies of the Executive Mansion and of the Cabinet officers' families, together with others who had been invited to be present. After some time spent in social courtesies the Embassy withdrew.

It is probable that the Japanese, having now opened their diplomatic business, will immediately devote the greater portion of their time to its progress. A programme of entertainments has not yet been suggested by Gen, Myer, who has their comfort in charge, and in that matter the wishes of the Embassadors will be consulted. present. There was no hand-shaking, the formalities ex-

XLHD CONGRESS-IID SESSION.

SENATE....Washington, March 4, 1872.
The House bill to provide for the appointment of a Chief Medical Purveyor in the Army was

THE TEA AND COFFEE QUESTION. Mr. CHANDLER (Rep., Mich.) presented a remon strance of grocers of Michigan against a sudden repeal of the duty on teas and coffee, and asked the Chairman of the Committee on Finance (Mr. Sherman) to repeat

of the duty on teas and coffee, and asked the Chairman of the Committee on Finance (Mr. Sherman) to repeat what he said on that subject last week.

Mr. SHERMAN (Rep., Ohio) repeated that it was the intention of the Finance Committee that whatever change should be made on the tariff in relation to those articles would not take effect before the 1st of July. He also stated that Monlay, March 11, was set down for the consideration of the subject, and that he intended to press it at that time.

A BIO FOR THE OLD POST-OFFICE SITE.

Mr. CONKLING (Rep., N. Y.) presented a memorial of the New-York Chamber of Commerce asking that they may be permitted to purchase the side of the present experience of the New-York at the price which the Government paid for it, and argued that such a disposition of the property would be equitable, the citizens of New-York having contributed to the purchase of it originally for the Government, and the use of it since having more than covered the interest of the original outlay.

The Senate then took up the unfinished business, being the Legislative Appropriation bill. After some time epent in its consideration the Senate went into Executive session, and afterward adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Under the call of States, bills were intro-traced and referred, as follows: Mr. HIBBARD (Dem., N. H.)-To test a plan of storm and food

Nat. SLOCUM (Dem., N. Y.)—For the sale of the Browllyn Naval copital and lands; also relative to the relivement of axisy officers, Mr. ELLIS H. ROBERTS (Rep., N. Y.)—To permit the importa-on, free of saty, of uniforms for the Tith Highlanders of New-York, not Mr. KETCHAM (Rep., N. Y.)-To reorganize the elerical force of the eneral Land Office.

Mr. ROOSEVELT (Dem., N. Y.)-For fish-breeding establishments;
lso, repealing all acts authorizing secure of books and papers by revefloers, SMITH (Rep., N. Y.)-Granting right of way to the New York, bony and Hudaio Transportation Company, Mr. COX (Dem., N. Y.)-To regulate and facilitate the payment of

ederal forces.

Mr. PERCE (Rep., Miss.)—To increase the efficiency of the navy.

Mr. CHAPPEE (Rep., Col.)—For ad for a narrow gauge railroad in

blorals.

Mr. NEGLEY (Rep., Penn.), from the Committee on Jonnaeree, reported a bill to amend the Steamboat law, which was ordered to be printed and recommitted. On motion of Mr. KENDALL the Senate bill to conjune in force a grant to the State of Nevada for college purposes was taken from the Speaker's table and passed. Mr. STLRKWEATHER (Rep., Conn.) presented a petition for a life-boat station on Block Island. on for a life-boat station on Block Island. Mr. DUELL (Rep., N. Y.) presented a petition of the usiness men of Chicago against the reduction of duties

business men of Chicaco again on foreign salt.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Deficiency Appropriation bill, and after a long dis-cussion, and without concluding its consideration, the Committee rose, and the House adjourned.

BROOKLYN'S GOVERNMENT-MUNICIPAL DEFI-

The Brooklyn Board of Aldermen met yesterday afternoon, Alderman Bergen in the chair. The resignations of Demas Barnes and William L. Gill as members of the Board of Education were received, and Alexander Forman and Wm. P. Libby were appointed to fill the vacancies. Controller Schroeder informed the Council that he had found a deficiency in the accounts of the ex-Controller, Evan M. Johnson, of eash returned to the city for sewerage bonds and assessment bonds is ned for street improvements made under the authority of the Water Board, and the accrued interest. The deft ciency on sewer bonds amounts to \$41,110, and that on the casessment bonds to \$85,000. The Corporation Counsel has expressed the opinion that the laws authorizing the issue of these bonds clearly intended that they should not be sold for less than par, inasmuch as no provision was made to cover any discount by assessment or otherwise. The books of the olice contain no evidence that discounts were allowed to any one, and the reports of the ex-Controller fail to make any exhibit of such discounts or deticiencies. The ex-Controller had explained that the bonds were not sold at par, and recommended that the deficiency should be provided for by issuing additional bonds. On motion of Alderman Raber the matter was referred to the Finance Committee, with power to send for persons and papers.

Controller Schroeder also reported that in the general fund accounts the aggregate deficiency was \$35,28143, and the aggregate surplus \$33,13924, the net deficiency being \$319,145-69. The Board authorized the Controller to anoly the surplus to the reduction of the deficiency as assessment bonds to \$58,000. The Corporation Counsel

being \$319,145 69. The Board authorized the Controller to apply the surplus to the reduction of the deficiency account.

A GRATZ'S FEES.

When James W. Coleman was compelled by the United States Courts to relinquish his hold on the 60,000 shares of Erie which the Ring had stolen from the English stockholders, he sent in a claim, as receiver, for \$30,000. It was based upon an award of Judge Barnard, whose "Gratz" Coleman has been for some years. claim was not only extertionate but illegal, and THE TRIBUNE objected strenuously to its payment as an imposition on the already defrauded Eaglish shareholders Yesterday the claim was privately compromised, and without expense to the Englishmen. Jay Gould offered Mr. Coleman 87,500 to withdraw his claim and not embarrass Eric in its present fight with an obnoxious suit, and the despairing "Gratz" accepted.

PATENT ELECTRICAL HOTEL ANNUNCIATOR. Among the many recent improvements adopted and worthy of especial notice, is the system of communication between all parts of any building, lately ntroduced by the well-known firm of Newman & Capron, It is a neat little annunciator, for each separate room or It is a neat little annunciator, for each separate room or suite of rooms, with tastefully decorated connections in each apartment which, upon the slightest touch, causes a bell to ring, and a pendulum in the annunciator to ribrate, numbered to correspond with the number of the room from which the call is made. By this process all levers, cranks, &c., of the old style of bell work are dispensed with, a quicker result being reached by the adoption of electricity, with skillful workmanship. This is worthy the attention of those who are erecting hotels, banking-houses, manufactories, or private residences.

THE FEES OF THE COLLECTOR OF ASSESSMENTS. The Board of Assistant Aldermen received yesterday, from the Committee on Finance, a report in regard to the fees received by the Collector of Assess-

regard to the fees received by the Collector of Assessaments, which says:

Fram May, 1987, to July 31, 1971, there has been paid to the Collector of Assessments, as fees to his Bureau, \$569,224,70, for the following aggregates of collections, returns, &c., to wit; On collections, \$12,395, 395, 505, fees, \$10,659, 60; assessments uncollected, returned to Bureau of Arrears, \$2,534,164 12; fees, \$11,503, 22; assessments varied by order of the Supreme Court, \$259,403, 66; fees, \$5,100,00; assessments interest to the Mayor, Aldermen, &c., fees, \$5,90,200, total fees, \$5,90,224 10. The Committee also stated that the entire duties of the Mayor, Aldermen, &c., fees, \$5,100,00; assessments and four or five employee, who receive compensation out of the fees of the offices to the extent of about \$11,000 per annum, and the remuniter of said fees are divided between the Collector and such deputies as are from time to time appointed; they performing as work and readering no assistance whatever to the Collector in the daties of the Bureau. Following amounts have been paid to the clerical force, the Collector, and the Deputy Collectors, &c., from May 16 to July 31, 1871. To the Circuital force, \$44,703,307; to the Collector and sussemants. Heary Starkwenther, \$65,624,33. To the Deputy Collectors, \$2,500,300; to July 31, 1971. \$3,400,300; deep the Bury W. Genet, from May, 1867, to July 31, 1871. \$3,400,300; deep the Bury Smith, from May, 1867, to July 31, 1871. \$3,400,300; deep the Bury W. Genet, from May, 1867, to July 31, 1871. \$3,400,300; deep the Bury Smith, from May, 1867, to July 31, 1871. \$3,400,300; deep the Bury Smith, from May, 1867, to July 31, 1871. \$3,400,300; deep the Bury W. Genet, from Peb. 1, 1989, to April, 1970. \$2,200,115. Practice McCales, from Bee, 1, 1980, to April, 1970. \$2,200,115. The Perputy Collectors, \$1,100,100; deep the Perputy Collecto ments, which says:

HOME NEWS.

THERMOMETER YESTERDAY AT HUDNUTS, NO. 213 BROAD Noon. 5 p. m.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS.

Dr. Brown-Sequard of Paris.

NEW-YORK CITY.

The New-York College of Dentistry held its Col. Lockwood L. Doty began, yesterday, the quarterly payment to pensioners at the Custon

The subscriptions among the French residents in aid of the fund for the payment of the French war indemnity amount to nearly \$9,000.

Charles Moore, the emigrant robber, is still in the Tombs. His counsel have procured a stay of proeedings to give them opportunity to prepare a bill of The Board of Supervisors, Mayor Hall in the chair, received, yesterday, a communication from Gen,

Shaler, stating that many bills for the expenses of the Ffrst Division N. G., S. N. Y., during the riot of last July, are still unpaid. John Purcell, convicted two years ago of the murder of Lawrence Kernan, and subsequently

granted a new trial, pleaded guilty, yesterday, in the General Sessions, of mansiaughter in the third degree, and was sent to Sing Sing for two years. A petition signed by 15,000 persons, including several clergymen, was presented last evening to the Trustees of the Cooper Institute, asking that the library and reading-room be kept open on Sunday. A committee will be appointed to consider the petition and take action

Burglars broke into the premises of Rogers, Bacon & Co., on the second floor of No. 49 Howard st., on Saturday evening, and carried off \$1,000 worth of laces. The thieves forced open the door leading from the hallway. A number of employes of the firm were at work on the floor above at the time. The following are the statistics of the Ap-

praiser's office for February ; Number of invoices and appraisement orders

Commissioner Van Nort discharged, yesterday, two water policemen who received \$1,000 a year each; and IS laborers and elenners in the City Hall whose wages were \$1 a day. The Commissioner is making a thorough inspection of the hotel and livery stables to see if water is used for more horses than are mentioned

The Lutheran Society, heretofore worshiping in St. Peter's Church in East Fiftieth-st., has recently purchased the church edifice in East Forty-sixth-st. be longing to the Scotch Presbyterian Society, of which the Rev. Joseph Sanderson is pastor. The Lutherans took possession of their new place of worship on Sanday, with It would benefic the general public if the

men employed to place the names of streets on the pubnumber of instances throughout the city the signs have been reversed in the lamps, making them unintelligible o the majority of those who have to consuit them as unide-posts. Especial complaint is made of this numance in Third-ave. A gang of seven pickpockets "worked" car

No. 61 of the Fourth-ave. line, about 111 o'clock last night, while going from Fourteenth-st. to Tenth-st., suc cessfully stealing one passenger's watch and another' pocketbook, beside, it is believed, "going through"; third who got off at Fourteenth-st. Part of the game consisted in holding the beli-strap so that the conductor was unable to stop the car for two or three minutes. The railroads running from New-Orleans

North and East having established passenger rates disproportionate to the through rates of connecting lines, the Northern lines, including the Pennsylvania Central, New York Central, and Bultimore and Ohio, advanced the fare to New-Orleans, yesterday, from \$50 to \$53. Tickets by the great Southern mail route are only sold to Mobile for \$40. The local fare thence to New-Orleans is only \$7, making the total fare to New-Orleans by this front \$47. Dr. S. Oakley Vanderpoel of Albany, Dr.

Carnochan's successor as Health Officer of the Port, arrived in this city on Saturday, and went, vesterday, to Quarantine, to take formal possession of his office, though it will be about a month before he can enter practically on the discharge of his duties. He will have a conference with a committee of leading merchants, to-morrow, to hear their views as to the best method of managing the built ness at Quarantine, so as fully to protect the publi without unduly restricting commerce. The challenge issued by the Paris crew of

St. John, N. B., on Feb. 29, to row eithe erew, the Taylor and Winship crew of England, the Coulter crew of Pittsburgh, Penn., or the Biglen crew of Confer crew of Pittsburgh, Fenn., or the lagen crew of this city, has been accepted by the last-mentioned crew. Bernard Biglen, in his letter of acceptance, expresses surprise that the New-Branswick crew did not accept the challenge of the New-York crew, made two months ago, instead of Issuing a new one, but agrees to tow, either in June or July, in a six-mile race on the Harlem River, for \$1,000 or \$2,000 a side, guaranteeing a clear course and a reasonable allowance for expenses. BROOKLYN.

The Health Board reports 71 cases of small-

pox last week. Mrs. Fanny Hyde, the murderess of George W. Watson in the Eastern District, will be tried before the Court of Oyer and Terminer, to-morrow.

John Fox, an illicit whisky distiller, who was sentenced to the Penitentiary for six months, ha en released by President Grant from paying a fine of

The Board of Aldermen adopted a resolution, yesterday, that no city railroad company shall re quire any passenger who has not been provided with a seat in a car to pay fare.

Water Loan Bonds to the amount of \$25,000 were issued by the Controller, yesterday. He has found balances to the credit of ex-Controllers Faron and Collin of \$1,577.06 and \$579.99 respectively, being money which they had transferred to their accounts as Controllers, and which had been lying idle in the Nassau Bank for several years.

James Shevlin, Keeper of the Penitentiary, transmitted yesterday to the Board of Supervisors communication embodying a plan by which he propose to make the Penitentiary self-sustaining. He asks for control over all contracts for supplies and labor, and that all long-term prisoners shall be sent to that institu-tion instead of Sing Sing Prison. Referred to the Peni-tentiary Committee.

John S. Roberts and Gideon Frost, a sub Committee of the Brooklyn Committee of Fifty, dele gated to examine the books and accounts in the Depart-ment of Audit and Assessment, have made a report. ment of Audit and Assessment, have made a report. Among other statements is one that the total expense for new lamps and posts during the past three years has been \$290,000, and that the same work if it had been really needed could have been accomplished for \$200,000. While the population since 1963 has increased 40 per cent, the expense of lighting the streets has increased 500 per cent. The sub-Committee considers that \$885,000 has been improperly expended by the Department during the past three years.

LONG ISLAND.

HEMPSTEAD.-The action of the Supervisors in locating the Court-House at Mineola was condemned as unwise and illegal at a mass meeting yesterday. Similar meetings will be held in other towns, and a bill has been prepared to provide for submitting the matter to the people, and creating Gen. McClellan, Atforney-General Barlow, and James W. Covert Commissioners of LONG ISLAND CITY.—On Friday night, Joseph F. Tay-lor, captain of a canal-boat lying in Newtown Creek.

missed his wife Sarah, and notwithstanding the denial of Henry H. Willis, captain of a canal-boat lying near, he found her drunk in the latter's boat. Taylor quarreled with Willis, whose wild a small his denials. reled with Willis, whose wiff the description in the head. To low went out to find a policeman, and not being successful in his search, returned to the canal-boat. His wife had disappeared. Willis and his wife were arrested yesterday on a charge of murdering Mrs. Taylor, and taken before Recorder Pearsells for examination. The prisoners denied their guilt, but were committed. The creek will be draggedfor the body this morning.

FLUSHING.—Mrs. Jane Wright, age 60, colored, was fa-taily burned by her clothes taking fire while she was warming herself by a stove.

HUDSON RIVER COUNTIES

WHITE PLAINS .- The March Term of the Circuit Court and Court of Oyer and Terminer for Westchester County began yesterday before the Hon. A. B. Tappen and Associate Justices. The following were impaneled as Grand Jurors for the term : Charles R. Dupaneled as Grand Jurors for the term: Charles R. Du-senbury (foreman), Thomas N. Ball, Nathan Burchall, Augustus Hoyt, James Hopkins, George Hobby, Robert S. Hayward, Robert L. Knapp, Wm. H. Lounsbury, L. N. Lawrence, Martin R. Mead, Henry C. Reed, James S. See, Joseph E. Smith, Richard D. Talbott, Augustus Turner, and Richard H. Teller. Justice Tappen, in the course of his charge to the Grand Jury, intimated that their attention would probably be called to the conduct of certain officials. The criminal calendar is unusually light.

WILLIAMS BRIDGE.—The livery stables fof John Morri on were burned on Sunday night. Lose, \$2,000; no in Rye.—John F. Mills has been appointed Receiver of Taxes, rice C. Lawrence, deceased.

NEW-JERSEY.

JERSEY CITY .- The Hudson County Grand Jury presented 59 additional indictments yesterday, making 166 filed for the present term. Their term was extended one week. Three additional indictments were found against Police-Justice Seymour, the first for sell found against Police-Justice Seymour, the first for selling stock in the German newspaper, Wacht on Hudson, while occupying an official position; the second for having failed to make returns of funds to the City Treasurer within 24 hours, and the third for embezzling \$0.000, city moneys. Pleas of not guilty were entered in each case and \$2.500 bail was furnished.....Mrs. Murphy, living at No. 314 First-st., swallowed by mistake, yesterday, tincture of iodine. Her recovery is doubtful.....A window has been placed in the Second Presbyterian Church in memory of the Rev. James M. Stevenson, formerly Pastor.

memory of the Rev. James M. Stevenson, formerly Pastor.

Newark.—Mayor Ricord has issued a proclamation offering a reward of \$250 for the arrest of garroters... Deaths last week, 75... The body of John Kennedy, as pauper, was found yesterday in the Morris Canal, between Bloomfield and Belleville... There were 101 cases of small-pox in January and 100 in February. There are 45 cases in the city, and 23 at the Small-pox Hospital... John Ahern wis arrested last night for embezzling about \$100 worth of gold scraps from his employers.

PATERSON.—The Paterson Insurance Company organized yesterday by the election of a Board of 23 directors. The Hon. Wm. P. McMichael was elected Provident; John Shaw, Vice-President; James M. Smylic, Scretary; E. R. Mason, Treasurer. The Company has a capital of \$130,000, with power to increase it to \$1,00,000... The Rev. W. H. Clark of the Fifty-fourth-sh. Colleguate Mission, New-York, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Broadway Reformed Church.

KISGSION.—A barn, owned by the Rev. Dr. Mann, Presbyterian, was burned early yesterday. The rumor that a party of Irish Roman Catholies were the incendiaries caused much bitter feeling, and an open conflict between Protestants and Roman Catholics was narrowly avoided.

Hoboren.—John Ahmuty of West Farms was robbed.

Hoboren.—John Ahmuty of West Farms was robbed of a horse and 20 yesterday... Michael Welsh was committed yesterday to the county jail on a charge of brutally assaulting his wife.

Verona.-James (Murphy, age 35, employed upon the Heland Railroad, was killed yesterday by the falling of LECTURES, MEETINGS, ETC. The Rev. J. Clement French will be installed, to-morrow evening, as paster of the Westminster Presto-morrow technic, at First-place and Clinton-st., in Brook-lyn. Dr. Cuyler will preach the sermon.

The Rev. A. J. Conklin, paster of the Graham-ave. M. P. Church, Breeklyn, E. D., will be the recipient of a donation visit from the members and triends of the Church, at the parsonage, No. 394 Graham-The Committee of Twenty-two on Tammany

Reorganization made an informal report last night to the Tammany Society, stating that they had not yet agreed upon a plan, and asking more time for consultation. Next Saturday night was fixed as the time for a final The Joint Committee of merchants, warehousemen, and Custom-house officials appointed to re-

vise the rates of storage, met at the Chamber of Com-merce, yesterday. Several of the merchants objected to the rates for storing iron and hemp, and they were re-duced to the figures suggested. The Board of Aldermen adopted, yesterday, solutions directing the Street-Cleaning Contractor remove garbage from streets between 12 at night and 6 in the morning; requiring the gaslight companies to report to the Board the number of street lamps lighted report to the Board the number of street lamps lighted and paid for by the city, and the number of lamps used by individuals or companies and paid for by the city without the authority of the Common Council, and resemble the resolution of the old Board authorizing the extension of Larayette-place. A communication was received from the Controller stating that the amount apportioned for the expenses of the Legislative Department of the city from Jan. 1 to April 1, 1872, 8 \$73,666 66, and that the sum aiready expended is \$10,666 56; balance on hand, \$63,000 10.

James McCuskey, in a quarrel with Thomas Murray in a satiom at One-hardred-and-twenty-ninth-at, and Third-axe, or yesterday, was struck on the head with a bottle and received a sa-wound. Murray was committed for trial at the Yorkville Folice Cour

[Assonneements.] For the Complexion-Burnett's Kalliston.

Green, orange, and purple are among the "loud" colors predoced by the common wherai Hair Dres, but in the cointing of an eve Nature's browns and blacks are reproduced by HHLL's INSTANTANEOUS HAIR DIRS.

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Twenty-first Annual Report.

Receipts during the Year 1871.

Disbursements. Paid Claims by Death on Policy and Pay-chased Policy and Bonus, &c..... 516,307 57

Total amount returned to Poli81,082,913 99 Paid Expenses, Falaries, Taxes, Steven Stamps, Medical Examiners' Fees, Com-

Assets. Cash in Bank, Trust Co., and on hand \$664,865 27 Bonds and Mortgages, and Interest accrued 3 116 106 15 741,003 75 Quarterly and Semi-Annual Premiums de-Guarterly and Perminance and Interest in course of collection and transmission.... Temporary Leans on Stocks and Bonds [market value of the Securities,

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